

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 19

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, March 7th 1935

No. 47

Watson Gloves	from	.75c up
Roller Towing good quality		.23c
Fast Color Prints		.20 & 25c
Comforter Batts		.23c
Flour is going higher R & W		\$2.69
Matches		.27c
Check Cotton Gloves		.27c
Thread any size or kind 3 Spools		.20c
Jar Vacuum Coffee		.47c
Cod Liver Oil		.59c

## Acadia Produce Company

## COAL & WOOD

Drumheller Lump	Drumheller Stove Nut
At \$5.50	At \$3.90

Gar of Sheerness Coal arriving Wed. March 13th

Jim Aitken

## Meet Your Friends

## At The Chinook Hotel

Fully Licensed  
Gus Cook, Prop.

## Bargains

One late model Philco battery Radio at a special price, if you appreciate fine performance come in for a demonstration, this set has extended wave band, and is very economical.

We have one six tube set which we took in trade on a new Philco. Priced with tubes and speaker at \$20.00. If you want performance at low cost come in and look this over.

## COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10 Chinook, Alberta

## Important -- To Wheat Growers

Under wheat grading regulations coming into effect August 1, 1935 the matter of purity of variety is one of primary importance.

Regardless of whether your wheat is Marquis, Garnet, Reward "222" or any other variety it is desirable from a marketing standpoint that it be uniform in type.

Excessive admixture one way or the other will be liable to grade penalties under the amendment to the Canada Grain Act.

## Alberta Pool Elevators

## The Trend of Events

(Edmonton Bulletin)  
The logic of events that will some day make it necessary for western Canada to become a separate self governing Dominion, has been remarked upon in this column on several occasions. It was made the subject of a speech in the Alberta Legislature by A. M. Matheson, M. L. A. for Vegreville. More recently it has taken form in British Columbia. A. M. Manson, K. C., former attorney general of that province devoted most of his speech last in the debate on the address to warning eastern Canada that "a political rebellion will ensue unless the bargain as between British Columbia and the east is revamped."

The address is said by the Vancouver Province to have been "easily the most outstanding of the House's two weeks debate"—that, despite the fact that crowded galleries gathered to hear a two hours speech by Mayor "Gerry" McGeer who is member for one of the Vancouver constituencies. When Mr. Manson ventured the opinion that in making a demand for better terms under the alternative of secession Premier Pattullo would "have the support of every member of the House," applause from both sides of the chamber rang out. British Columbia last year bought approximately \$100,000,000 worth of goods from eastern Canada principally manufactured goods. The east reciprocated by buying \$45,000,000 worth of goods, principally raw materials.

And that isn't the worst B. C. like Alberta pays enormous sums each year over and above the world market price for manufactured goods in order to maintain eastern Canada as a manufacturing zone. On the 100,000 or more automobiles and trucks on the roads of the coast province, her people will have paid \$400,000,000 more than world prices as a contribution to the eastern provinces. Even that isn't the worst. Industries like mining which are indigenous to the economic life of the coast province are handicapped by the greedy demands of the east for high protection. A miner can't prove up a placer claim with a Keystone drill, or install a mill or a concentration table unless he pays 42 per cent over and above the world price as a sop to the eastern manufacturer. The coast province with its wealth of forest and mineral, its cheap water power, its all-the-year round climate and its open ports facing across the Pacific the greatest potential markets of the world, is beginning to realize the price it paid for entering Confederation in the loss of its normal destiny as a great manufacturing state.

Whether western Canada will for ever submit in docility to endure the status of a colonial possession of the east, to be refused when it goes hat in hand to beg for tithes of what it has given to enrich the federal treasury, remains to be seen.

The speech of the former attorney general of B. C. shows that the leaven of unrest is at work. Its effect will be felt in Alberta in due course.

## THE FEED SITUATION IN CANADA

There are several factors which will influence the feed situation in Canada in 1935, says the 1935 "Agricultural Situation and Outlook" about to be published by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Department of Trade and Commerce. Feed reserves will be considerably less than normal owing to low yields in 1934, domestic requirements drought areas, and strong export demand from the United States. Meadows and pastures in large sections of eastern Canada, which were newly seeded in 1933, and also in 1934, will show the effects of subsequent adverse climatic conditions. The restricted seed supplies of grass, clover and alfalfa, coupled with high prices is expected to reduce the acreage of these crops seeded in 1935. In the drought areas of the Prairie Provinces, less summer-fallowed land than usual, and low reserves of subsoil moisture, are unfavorable conditions for the seeding of grasses and legumes. To these adverse factors may be added the possibility in 1935 of some crop destruction in the Prairie Provinces from grasshoppers and cutworms, and to a lesser extent, in a part of the Province of Quebec from white grubs.

Grasshoppers, which took heavy toll of forage crops last year in the Prairie Provinces, are expected to be less troublesome in 1935 on account of a reduction in the intensity of infestation in all three provinces. The smaller number of eggs to be found in stubble land, and the greater skill on the part of the farmers in carrying on control campaigns. The pale western cutworm is expected to be present again over wide areas in Saskatchewan and Alberta. If moisture conditions and weather for growing crops in the early part of the season are not better than average, considerable losses may be expected in certain large though scattered localities. Wherever grasshoppers and cutworms are known to be present, tillage and seeding practices should be followed which are in keeping with recommended methods of control.

Miss Emilie Belmont who has been ill in the Calgary hospital returned to her home here Tuesday morning.

Ernest Gilbertson left Saturday night for Rosedale where he expects to spend the summer.

## POINTERS OF PLOWING

In regard to the cultural experiments carried out by the Dominion Experimental Farms, it has been shown that it is not necessary to plow more than about four or five inches deep under ordinary conditions. Equally high yields of corn and grain have been obtained on several Experimental Stations in Eastern Canada from ploughing four inches deep as at seven or eight inches. Moreover, in the shallow ploughing the draft is considerably reduced and therefore the cost is less. In the Prairie Provinces, experiments on several Stations have demonstrated that yields of wheat may be maintained where no ploughing is done at all. In these experiments the plough was replaced by the cultivator or the disk. Ploughing may land in August, or immediately after harvest top-working, and re-ploughing in the fall has proven a sound practice for the eradication of perennial weeds. Fall ploughing should be done in Eastern Canada in preference to spring ploughing on heavy clay soil. Where annual weeds are troublesome, disking rather than ploughing corn land is recommended except in areas where the corn borer is present.

## "COMBINES" AND ACREAGE

According to an extensive study in farm power in Saskatchewan and Alberta, conducted by the Economics Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Canadian Pioneer Problems Committee, the University of Saskatchewan, and the University of Alberta, the combine-harvester is a relatively expensive machine. Therefore, when a farmer purchases a combine he must have as many acres per year as possible in order to reduce to a reasonable figure per acre the overhead costs of interest and depreciation due to wear and tear and eventual disuse. In most cases during the investigation it was found that 700 acres or more for a 15-16 foot combine and 525 acres or more for 10-12 foot combine must be harvested per year to obtain a reasonable cost per acre of crop harvested. When conditions are not particularly favorable for using a combine, it is suggested that it might be necessary to plan harvesting fewer acres per season to reduce the risk of loss to the standing crop due to early snowstorms, even though the cost of harvesting per acre is increased.

Mrs. Russel Marr returned from the Cereal hospital last week.

## THE TAR SANDS

Interest in the development of the northern Alberta tar sands has been stimulated this year by the experiments in extraction being conducted at Toronto by Max Ball, who is endeavoring to establish a simple and efficient method of separation of the bitumen from the sands. These experiments have advanced to the final stage and have been witnessed by a large number of experts and others, who believe that Mr. Ball has found one solution to the problem that should lead to extensive development of the tar sands in the future. No definite announcement is as yet available from Mr. Ball as to his plans in connection with the experiments.

Operations have been continued by the International Bitumen Co., who have been operating for some years on leases totalling 10,000 acres some fifty miles down the Athabasca river beyond the railroad. The company has been shipping out only from one to two carloads of bitumen a year, but have been carrying on experiments on the deposits for the extraction of oil. From the company's bitumen output, a number of products are being manufactured, including various kinds of roofing, paint and varnish. They also have developed a medicinal product which they state has been used with success in one or two hospitals and has the endorsement of a number of medical authorities.

## THE INDEX NUMBER

The level of prices of farm products is a matter of great importance to the people of Canada. It affects the purchasing power of the largest single group of the population and thereby limits the market for large quantities of industrial goods. In comparing prices over a period of time, it is rather difficult to establish exact relationships. Therefore statisticians use a device known as an index number. This number represents the relative position of prices at a given time, as compared with those in a period when conditions were fairly stable and prices of the different groups of commodities occupied a reasonably satisfactory relationship. For instance, prices in the year 1926 have been used by many statisticians as a period on which to base the comparisons with other years. In 1926 the index field crops (grain and vegetable products) was 94 compared with 100 in 1926. In 1932 the index had dropped to 41 and to 35 in January, 1933. During 1933, however, the index rose to 46 and in 1934 ranged between 48 and 61.

## CHINOOK TRADING CO.

## -- YOUR PRICE GUIDE. --

Friday & Saturday, March 8 & 9.

Salada Tea, Yelo Label lb .54c

Tomatoes, Broder's Best 3 cans .38c

Grown and packed in Alberta

Macaroni Catelli's Premium Quick Cooking 3 lb. pkge .27c

An Aluminum Premium in Every Package

Baking Soda 1 lb Pkge .11c

Blue Ribbon vacuum Coffee 1 lb. .42c

Pearl Naptha Soap 10 bars .37c

Fancy Delicious Apples 5 lbs .28c

LYE 2 cans .25c

Oranges 176s dozen .49c

Lemons doz .30c

Lard Shamrock pure per lb. .15c

Robin Hood China Oats .30c

# News!

## Salada Tea

now has a blend  
for every purse

### Yellow Label

### 55c - 1 lb

### BROWN LABEL • 65c 1 lb.

### ORANGE PEKOE • 80c 1 lb.

All leaders in their class

#### The Brighter Side

For the past five years the people of Canada in common with those of other countries have been looking at the dark side of things, and during these years the picture at which they have been looking has become progressively darker and more gloomy. In fact, following the stock market crash in the late months of 1929, people generally did not seek to find any rays of light, they became more and more fearful, and preferred to dwell upon every unfavorable factor in the situation and to close their eyes and refuse to see anything that could be regarded as hopeful.

This state of mind spread throughout the whole country and, unfortunately for Western Canada, it was accentuated by reason of the advent of a cycle of abnormally dry years, accompanied by other climatic conditions, with their aftermath of pests and other drawbacks entirely beyond the control of man, and all discouraging and destructive of confidence on the part of people so grievously afflicted.

Under the circumstances the amazing thing is that people, taken on the whole, have displayed such wonderful fortitude, so much courage and such fine patience.

Within recent months the clouds of depression have been thinning, conditions have been slowly improving, and the time has come when, we think, the people of Canada may well, to their own advantage and further encouragement, take a look at some of the brighter things in our national life for which they have deep reason for thankfulness in comparison with the lot of other peoples and nations.

Unlike quite a few nations Canada has maintained its national honor, has not repudiated but has met its national obligations. As a result, Canada stands higher than ever in the estimation of the world. It is a great asset that has not decreased in value but has been substantially increased, and that increased value will stand this Dominion in good stead in the years that lie ahead.

The general business situation in Canada is improving. In view of the economic depths to which the whole world had sunk, this improvement will naturally be slow at first, but it is gathering momentum and volume. The trade of Canada, both import and export, and internal as well, is increasing; the volume of business is becoming larger; railway revenues are rising; national revenues are substantially larger and are increasing, all of which means more employment in the not distant future, and especially so if action is taken to remove or materially lessen the many restrictions now imposed on trade.

Another bright side to the Canadian picture is to be found in the fact that, despite all the difficulties and problems, worries and sufferings of people, Canada has been remarkably free of riots and other forms of defiance of the law which have characterized other lands and resulted in open strife and bloodshed. The Canadian people have kept their heads, and as a result they are winning through, just as the people of Britain are winning through.

Considering the past, the present and the future, there is another and very large and important spot of brightness, leading to hope and confidence for the future, in the fact that almost alone among the nations of the world Canada has been free and is free of the one great burden which rests with crushing force upon the world to-day. That is the burden of armaments—the enormous cost of warlike preparations. While other nations are paying annual tribute reckoned in hundreds of millions, even billions of dollars, to the great war god Mars, the Canadian people are not called upon to do so.

A couple of small destroyers, one on either seacoast, and a handful of militia which is merely a reserve to the established police forces of the country to assist in and when necessary in the maintenance of peace within our own borders, but in no sense an army maintained for offense against any nation—that is all. With no great battleships, no standing army, no great line of fortifications, Canada lives at peace with the world, the friend of every nation, having no quarrel with any.

If this picture was otherwise, if the Canadian people were taxed to the limit, as other peoples are, to provide the goit of war with the machinery and equipment of wholesale human destruction, then Canada might have cause to fear for the future. Fortunately, that fear does not exist.

Given a return to more normal and therefore favorable climatic conditions throughout Western Canada, with a removal of the artificial restrictions imposed upon the commercial transactions and business life of the country—both of which conditions are not only possible but probable and ones we have every reason to expect—and free from the entanglements of war-affrighted nations, the Canadian people without any undue optimism may well turn their eyes away from the darker picture of the past five years, and find renewed confidence and happiness in the brighter, better days now dawning.

#### The Abundant Vitality of Cod Liver Oil

## PLUS PLEASANT TASTE



For over fifty years doctors have specified "Scott's Emulsion", wherever the bone-building strengthening qualities of pure cod liver oil were indicated. For Scott's Emulsion is more than just cod liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is pure cod liver oil, emulsified for easier digestion, greater efficiency and pleasant taste.

BUILD BONES, INVIGORATE, PEOPLE NEED ME EVERY DAY!

# SCOTT'S EMULSION

THE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE PLUS VALUE  
For Sale by Your Druggist

#### Magic Of Science

#### Electric Lung Restores Speech To Persons Without Voice

An electric "lung" and a pair of magnetic hand cuffs, both new, have come out of the scientific magic box of the Bell laboratories.

They were shown at a meeting of the University of Michigan Club of New York by Dr. Sergius P. Grace, vice-president of the laboratories.

The lung substitutes electric current for air to make vocal sounds in the artificial larynx, which the laboratories invented to restore speech to about 1,000 persons in the United States who have lost their vocal cords.

The new instrument is placed in the mouth, much like a pipe. It pours into the mouth a pure tone which becomes intelligible speech merely by movement of mouth, lips and tongue in ordinary conversational manner. The voiceless person uses a pocket battery little bigger than a deck of cards. He puts his "pipe" in his mouth. He presses a button and the sound continues as long as he holds this switch closed.

The magnetic hand cuffs demonstrate the super-magnetic power of a new alloy which possesses 20 times the attraction of pure iron. With a cuff on each wrist, or held on each hand, the chain between is joined by placing together two flat pieces of the new metal.

The most powerful man cannot pull these plates apart.

#### WHY HIS HEADACHES CEASED

#### Wife Put Kruschen In His Coffee

He could not understand why the headaches he had been subject to suddenly ceased. His wife told him, and he at once sat down and wrote the following letter:

I am 42 years of age, and ever since I was a boy of ten years, I was subject to very bad headaches. But two years ago the headaches stopped—for what reason I did not know. I was surprised when one day my wife told me I had been using Kruschen Salts in my coffee for over two years. I am still using them, as I know of nothing finer for the system.—J. T. Salts can be nearly always traced to a disordered stomach, and to the unassisted retention in the system of stagnating waste material which poisons the blood. Remove these poisons—prevent them forming again—and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just now Kruschen Salts brings swift and lasting relief from headaches. Kruschen Salts aid Nature to cleanse your system completely of all clogging waste matter.

#### Uses Special Board

#### Blind Player Is Having Luck At Monte Carlo

A blind gambler's luck is attracting the attention of visitors to the Casino at Monte Carlo, and some have found it profitable to follow his play.

Every day he arrives at the Casino alone and is escorted to his favorite place by one of the officials. He brings with him a special board covered with raised figures and on this he records the various numbers as they turn up.

His play is systematic without being sensationally high, but it is seldom that he gets up from the green table a loser. His identity remains a mystery. He knows little French.

#### Larks Damage Wheat

#### Farmers In England Have Started War On Songsters

Even if Shelley wrote an ode about it and Schubert was inspired by it to compose a beautiful melody, the lark is just a bird that damages wheat and other crops. So declare the farmers in the vicinity of Norfolk, England, and they have started a war on the songster. The Norfolk Agricultural Committee has excluded the bird from the new order under the Wild Birds Protection Act. Any one therefore may shoot it and have no compunction. "The skylark is a nice bird, but we can't live by listening to its music," said George Hewitt, an agricultural leader. The larks are said to invade England in flocks from Germany and Russia.

It was stated in London the British Poppy Day realized £11,000 more than in 1933, when the total was £511,853, the record collection being £24,650 in 1930.

The lobster chews its food before putting it into its mouth; a set of external food choppers cuts up the food before it is passed into the mouth proper.



**HINDS**  
Honey & Almond  
CREAM

#### DR. WERNER'S POWDER FOR HOLDING TIGHT FALSE TEETH



#### Midnight Gold Rush

#### Discovery Of Free Gold At Lake Athabasca Causes Excitement

Discovery of free gold in the Beaverledge field on Lake Athabasca, has led to wild excitement in the area, says a special radio despatch from Fort Chipewyan to the Edmonton Journal. Word of the discovery caused a wild midnight gold rush which left Beaverledge camp deserted half an hour after word of the find reached it.

The find was made by a St. Joseph's Point trapper, who brought in samples of rich ore and, on his return journey, discovered he was being followed through the darkness by 17 men anxious to stake near his find. The trapper, pretending he was lost, managed to throw his pursuers off the trail, then hurried to stake his claims.

Diamond drill cores from Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company claims at Beaverledge are reported to have shown rich deposits of gold 10 to 30 feet below the surface.

About one-third of New York City's 1,722,954 families live in Brooklyn.

#### ARE YOU TROUBLED WITH NERVES?

Do you find it hard to go to sleep at night? Do you feel poorly rested in the morning, "jumpy" all day, and "ragged" by evening?

Then take Wincarnis. Here's a delicious wine, not a drug, that soothes nerves as nothing else can; that helps you naturally to sleep and floods your whole being with vibrant new energy.

Wincarnis brings you all the valuable elements of grapes combined with the highest grade beef and guaranteed malt extract. Almost as soon as you begin taking Wincarnis, you feel wonderfully to sleep and blood. This is because Wincarnis enriches your blood, soothes your nerves and creates lasting reserves of strength and energy.

Over 20,000 medical men have proved in practice the value of Wincarnis in cases of jumpiness, nervousness, insomnia, debility and general indigestion. Get Wincarnis from your druggist.—Sales Agents: Harold F. Ritchie & Co. Ltd., Toronto.

#### Get Rid of Disfiguring PIMPLES BLOTCHES AND ALL SKIN RASHES WITH D.D.D.

Dr. D.D. Dennis' Liquid Prescription, made and guaranteed by the makers of Campden's Italian Balm. Trial bottle 35c at your druggist.

#### CHORE GIRL Cleans Pots and Pans

A new and efficient cleaning agent of pure cotton ribbon which will not rust or splinter.

10c. AT ALL STORES Made in Canada Metal Textile Corp. of Can., Ltd.

#### Township That Is Unique

#### Adamsfield, Australia, Isolated Although Only 24 Miles From Railroad

There has been discovered to the world a township in Tasmania, Australia, which is unique, at any rate, in the southern hemisphere.

It has no hotel, there is no church, no weddings have been held there, there is no clergyman, and the town is under the control of a vigilance committee.

The township is that of Adamsfield, less than 70 miles as the crow flies from Hobart, and only 24 miles from a railroad. From the railroad, however, the only means of communication is by horse.

Some of the residents have not "been out end"—that is, made the journey out to civilization—for years, and it is possible for the stray visitor who finds his way in to guess the year in which the womenfolk last did so, by the fashions they are following.

The vigilance committee is a real power and has come into being because of the rare visits of a policeman on a tour of inspection. The committee finds in the main that public opinion is the most effective weapon it wields.

Recently an area of agricultural land was taken up 15 miles "in" from Adamsfield, and every item of supplies had to be taken in on men's shoulders.

#### Architectural Toy

#### Proceeds Of World Tour Of Doll House To Be Donated To Hospitals For Sick Children

Colleen Moore's doll house—a 14-foot fairy castle with 11 rooms—will arrive in New York April 1 for its world premiere. The architectural toy, built at a cost of \$435,000, will be taken on a world tour and the proceeds from exhibitions will be donated to hospitals for crippled children.

Built in a house of an inch to the foot, the doll's house contains these marvels:

A gold cathedral organ, 15 inches high, which plays music.

A feather nightingale operated by electricity.

Light bulbs the size of wheat grains.

A robot fairy princess who sings, answers questions and dances in a garden grove.

A bible the size of a baby's thumb nail.

Colleen Moore said the doll's house was one of her childhood dreams.

#### Nationalistic Policy

#### Sir Josiah Stamp Believes U.S. Policy Does Not Fit Needs

Sir Josiah Stamp, famed economist, in a speech before the American Chamber of Commerce said the United States "is pursuing a highly centralized nationalistic policy which is ill-adapted to the needs of closely knit world trade improvement."

"The NRA codes," he said, "have not paid very great attention to international factors and the uncertain condition in America has been brought about by codes. The piecemeal treatment of the problem, nation by nation, is wrong. It is unbalanced and will be balanced between two nations. It is more important that trade with all countries be treated as a whole."

Sir Josiah stressed the importance of currency stabilization and said, "if it was known the United States were going to devalue another 10 per cent, it would help matters greatly."

#### Canadian Percheron Association

#### Nine Directors Are Elected At Meeting In Brandon

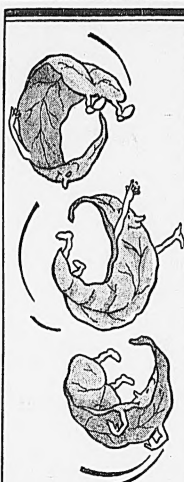
The nine directors of the Canadian Percheron Association, elected by ballot, were announced at Brandon by A. M. MacPherson, secretary of the association.

The elected directors are: J. A. Stennarie of Ste. Anne de la Pêche, Que.; Charles M. McCallum, Brampton, Ont.; M. W. Cunneen, Keswick, Ont.; James Ramsey, Portage la Prairie, Man.; Carl Roberts, Ste. Adolphe, Man.; Hardy E. Salter, Calgary; W. A. Greenaway, Acme, Alta.; J. B. Ross, Govan, Sask., and L. A. Doan, Stony Beach, Sask.

The next annual meeting of the association is to be held in Toronto.

An English boy swallowed a safety razor blade. But every household is not equipped with boys to get rid of the pesky things.

Football is a popular game with Eskimo children, particularly little girls and the ball is made of seal skin stuffed with hair.



#### Rolling down to Ogden's

to make the fragrant, friendly cigarette tobacco that gives a man real satisfaction in "rolling his own". Only the best leaves can pass the Ogden's test for mildness and smoothness and easy rolling. That's why Ogden's Fine Cut is such a favourite. Roll your own with Ogden's and you'll find it rolls them easier and rolls them better, especially when you choose the finest cigarette papers, "Chanticleer" or "Vogue".

#### SAVE THE POKER HANDS

#### OGDEN'S FINE CUT

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Plus

#### Starvation The Cure

When People Do Not Have Money To Buy Rich Foods Then Health Is Improved

In days of depression, general health is better than in days of opulence and fine living, several doctors told the House of Commons during a health debate. Dr. J. P. Howden (Lib., St. Boniface) said "starvation is the cure for many diseases" and it was because people did not have the money to buy rich foods that their health improved. And it was true, knitted world trade improvement."

"The NRA codes," he said, "have not paid very great attention to international factors and the uncertain condition in America has been brought about by codes. The piecemeal treatment of the problem, nation by nation, is wrong. It is unbalanced and will be balanced between two nations. It is more important that trade with all countries be treated as a whole."

Sir Josiah stressed the importance of currency stabilization and said, "if it was known the United States were going to devalue another 10 per cent, it would help matters greatly."

#### THE FAMOUS RUBBING LINIMENT

Rob on your own. Get the new large economy size—Also available in smaller, regular size.

#### MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Large size, tablets 50 cts., liquid \$1.00. Write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N.Y., for free medical advice.

#### BUILD UP THE BLOOD

Mr. G. W. Vollick of 14 Poulton St., Hamilton, Ont., said: "I have found Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to be the best tonic to build up a weak and rundown system. It also regulated my digestion, increased my appetite and blood strength."

Large size, tablets 50 cts., liquid \$1.00. Write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N.Y., for free medical advice.

#### Stop Food Wastage

HEAVY PARASANI WAXED PAPER Get the Green Box. Keep it in your kitchen always. Inexpensive.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

#### PATENTS

A List of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Regarding Them

The RAMSAY Co. 107 - OTTAWA ST., OTTAWA, ONT.



## DON'T RISK BAKING FAILURES . . .

**LESS THAN  
1¢ WORTH OF  
MAGIC**  
gives a fine  
cake every time!

**BAKE WITH MAGIC** and be sure of good cake! This dependable baking powder is used and recommended by Canada's leading cookery experts because it gives better results. Order it today!

**CONTAINS NO ALUM**—This statement on every tin is your guarantee that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredient.



## THE TENDERFOOT

By GEORGE B. RODNEY

Author of "The Coronado Trail", "The Canyon Trail", Etc.

## SYNOPSIS

"You've fallen heir to a half-share in plenty of trouble," the lawyer told Gerald Keene. "The Broken Spur has been systematically looting the ranch, and old Joe Carr, your partner, is drinking himself into ruin."

Dad Kane, desert rat and luckless prospector till now returns to tell Dustin and Spike Goddard, who had grubstaked him, of his discovery of a rich gold mine, and shows samples of the ore.

Dustin unexpectedly comes along while Stone and Edith are riding fence, and seeing them, stops and talks to Edith. He mentions their dispute could be settled by marrying him, and Edith refuses his proposal with remarks that make Dustin furious. He insults Stone, who promptly throws him into a pool of water.

Stone tells Crews, his foreman, about his meeting with Dustin. Stone and Crews go to Seco to send a telegram to Gerald Keene. While at Seco an attempt is made to kill Stone, who proves more than a match for his enemies.

Dustin learns that Gerald Keene has been sent for, and also that Stone has seen the Broken Spur men rustling Carr's cattle. He sets out with Dad Kane to learn the location of his gold discovery. Dad Kane shows Dustin the mine.

They go back to camp, and Dustin shoots Kane. He fixes the shooting on Peyotl Gregg, a drug addict, who, stupefied by the narcotic he had taken, did not know whether he was guilty or not. They bury Kane and then return to the Broken Spur ranch. Meanwhile at the Hour Glass, Carr, Crews and Stone speculate as to the meaning of entries in the notebook belonging to Dane Kane that Stone had found. Stone thinks of a possible solution, and, accompanied by Edith Carr, rides out to Red Water to test out his theory, which proves correct, and they find the rich gold deposit mentioned in the prospector's notebook. As they return to the ranch, they meet Dustin leaving the house, who purposely, but unsuccessfully tries to ride down Stone.

(Now Go On With The Story)

## CHAPTER XIII.—Continued

"Wait a bit. I've got a better plan than that. . . . Dustin's grin was the grin of a dog who sees the meat that he intends to seize. 'Wait! If I had sprung that on Joe Carr, he'd simply wait till this Gerald Keene, his partner, turns up. Young Keene might have the money. If he has, then old Carr would get out of my clutches. See? Keene would sure help Carr meet that note. He'd sure

## Makes Legal Oath



MRS. E. SEYFFERT

Who tells in a sworn statement how Fruit-A-Tives brought her lasting recovery from chronic constipation. Mrs. Seyffert, who resides at 70 Seaton Street, Toronto, is so happy to be well again that she has given a statement of her experience and made it under oath before a notary to convince you of its absolute truth. Mrs. Seyffert says:—A bad injury I received at childbirth resulted in continued constipation. For years I felt run down, lacked all vitality. My complexion was yellow. I started taking Fruit-A-Tives and now I am up at 6:30 a.m. every morning doing my own housework. My complexion is clear and I am quite regular."

Copy of Mrs. Seyffert's complete sworn statement will be sent on request. Write Fruit-A-Tives Limited, Ottawa, Canada.

FRUIT-A-TIVES—25c and 50c EVERYWHERE

to see him, at once. Not a word more than that."

Spike went and ten minutes later Peyotl dropped his hat at the door and came shamblingly into the room. Dustin looked up from some pretended work at the desk.

"It's a good thing for you, Peyotl, that you came at once," he said. "I'm sorry for you, but I don't see how I can help you. . . . Remember old Dad Kane, Peyotl?"

"For heaven's sake lay off that, Mist' Sam. . . . The man's arm flung up to guard before his eyes and he shivered as though with an ague. "I ain't slept a wink since I came back. . . . I'd never get sleep if it wasn't for . . . fer . . . you know what . . . . He tugged a red-and-green cigarette packet from his pocket.

Dustin snatched it from him, tore out four cigarettes and gave them to him, and thrust the package into his desk drawer.

"You damned fool. I've told you a dozen times not to get any of those things except what I give you. I give you your full allowance. Just suppose you take too many of these and talk too much. You know what'll happen. You'll be hung as high as Haman."

Peyotl looked dazed. He had looked for a coin and perhaps an errand and he found a threat that he only half understood. He could not guess what was coming, but he knew that he was on the verge of being violent.

"All right. I'll show you. Do you happen to remember the date that young imp of hell, Gerald Keene, the owner of the other-half of the Hour-glass, is due here?"

"On the tenth of next month, it said. This is the next month and today's the ninth. He's due in Seco tomorrow night, I reckon."

"All right. Now listen to me. . . . Dustin sat forward and tilted his chair on its front legs. . . . "You and I've been partners for a good many years. That right?"

Spike Goddard stared at him. Was his partner losing his mind? He studied Dustin for a long three minutes and Dustin grinned quietly at him. "Finally."

"We've been strip-pin' the Hour-glass of everything its got for five years," said Spike. "If one of us told what he knows about the other, he'd sure as hell go to jail, I reckon. We've soaked away every dollar we could raise. We've got seventeen thousand in cold cash right now in our office safe. You don't need to have me say it, but . . . Make your game. I'm playin' 'n' her says."

Dustin nodded complete satisfaction.

"I knew you'd say that," he said. "Now listen. . . . Old Kane located that mine. It's on the Hour-glass, I know that. Kane and Peyotl and I went there. Kane showed me the mine. Then he and Peyotl got into a fight over some water. I wasn't in camp when it happened but I got back to find Kane dead with his head all mashed in and Peyotl in one of his confounded fits after dopin' all up with his stuff. . . ."

"That you give him. . . . said Spike, grinning.

Dustin's face turned the color of old dough. He leaned forward and gripped Spike's arm.

"If you weren't my partner, I'd kill you for that word," he said.

Spike shivered. He felt suddenly as though his veins had been filled with ice water.

"Go on," he said awkwardly. "I'm listenin' . . . ."

"Aye. Well, when Peyotl saw what he'd done, he went all to pieces. Old Kane is buried up Red Water canon. No one will ever find him there. Well. . . . This man Gerald Keene is Gerald Kane. He's the nephew of old Kane. . . . That's his name, d'ye see? Gerald Kane is comin' out here to investigate the reported death of his uncle, Dad Kane. . . . If the murderer is discovered Peyotl Gregg will hang. . . . Is it gettin' clear to you?"

"Good God," said Spike explosively. "Do you expect me to believe that . . . ."

"I don't care a damn if you believe it or not, so long as 'er Peyotl believes it. Get me so far?"

"I sure do. . . . Spike glanced admiringly at his partner. This was to be a master stroke indeed. If Peyotl Gregg, the well-known "hop-head" could be got to kill Gerald Keene then Keene's share of the Hour-glass would pass to old Joe Carr, and they held old Joe Carr's note for the Hour-glass. . . . where Kane and Dustin had located the gold.

"By God," he said, "you've hit it. But I swear I don't see how you can pull it off."

"You don't have to see. Go on out of here and tell Peyotl that I want

to see him, at once. Not a word more than that."

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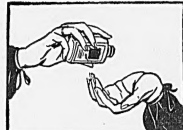
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TRY FASTER WAY  
TO RELIEVE A COLD

1. Take 2 Aspirin tablets.



2. Drink full glass of water. Repeat treatment in 2 hours.



3. If throat is sore, crush and stir 3 Aspirin tablets in a third of a glass of water and gargle. This eases the soreness in your throat almost instantly.

## Discovery Brining

Almost Instant Relief to Millions

Follow Simple Directions:

When you have a cold, remember the simple treatment pictured here . . . prescribed by doctors as the quick, safe way.

Results are amazing. Ache and distress go immediately. Because of Aspirin's quick-disintegrating property, Aspirin "takes hold"—almost instantly. Your cold is relieved "quick as you caught it!"

All you do is take Aspirin and drink plenty of water. Do this every 2 to 4 hours the first day—less often afterward . . . if throat is sore, the Aspirin gargle will ease it as little as 2 minutes.

Ask your doctor about this. And be sure you get ASPIRIN when you buy. It is made in Canada and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every Aspirin tablet. Aspirin is the trade mark of the Bayer Company, Limited.

DOES NOT HARM THE HEART



## McMurray Tar Sands

Denver Firm To Erect Separating Plant In Alberta

Hon. Thomas G. Murphy, minister of the interior, revealed that the government had given permission to Denver, Colo., financial interests to erect in Alberta plants for separating bitumen from McMurray sands and for refining the bitumen to obtain gasoline, fuel oil and asphalt products.

The permission, Mr. Murphy said, was an extension of a former agreement made with the Denver interests

represented by Max Ball which had conducted a "pilot" plant in Toronto for preliminary experiments.

The minister added he understood the firm had proceeded with construction in Alberta of a separation plant as soon as weather conditions permitted work and that the separation plant would be followed by a refinery. All the works, he believed, would cost about \$250,000.

Mr. Murphy said the government will not spend any money on the scheme but that the company will be required to pay royalties for the privileges of working the sands.

## YOU CAN'T "KILL" COLDS

but you may Control them!

Don't run risks with so-called "cold-killers." It's so easy to upset the stomach and lower body resistance with constant internal dosing.

For fewer and shorter colds—let Vicks Plan for Better Control of Colds help you and your family. It is safe and effective. Proved in thousands of clinical tests and in actual home use by millions.



To help PREVENT Colds — VICKS VA-TRO-NOL

At the first sniffle, sneeze or nasal irritation, apply a few drops of Vicks Va-tro-nol. Its timely use helps to avoid many annoying colds. Avoids "dosing."

(Full details of this tested Plan in each Vicks package)



To help SHORTEN a Cold — VICKS VAPORUB

If a cold has developed, apply Vaporub at bedtime. Its poultice vapor action—all night long—gives soothing relief. Avoids "dosing."

VICKS PLAN FOR BETTER CONTROL OF COLDS

Banish Constipation  
Nature's way!

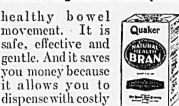
A Natural Corrective . . . doctors advise its use to get rid of Constipation

Take your doctors' advice! If you suffer from headaches, bad breath, sour stomach and other constipation ills . . . use Quaker Bran.

Remember, Quaker Bran is different from all prepared bran cereals. It is pure bran, uncooked—untreated—unadulterated. For these reasons it is definitely richer in mineral and vitamin content.

Quaker Natural Bran works with nature to induce normal healthy bowel movement. It is safe, effective and gentle. And it saves you money because it allows you to dispense with costly drugs.

Serve Quaker Natural Bran with your regular cereal each morning. It is ideal for muffins, cookies, etc. A booklet of tested recipes for many delicious bran dishes is in every package.



## QUAKER BRAN

Pure, Natural, packaged bran.

Edwardsburg  
CROWN BRAND  
The Leading  
CORN SYRUP"THE FAMOUS  
ENERGY  
FOOD"

A product of THE CANADA STARCH CO., Limited



HOW the faithful slave girl saved her master's life—how the robber was foiled through a great eastern custom regarding Salt—is told in picture and story in new book for Children! Yours free!

Send coupon now for "Salt all over the World". Strange, engaging Salt customs in many lands. Every home should have this book! Send coupon now!

Your Mouthwash  
**WINDSOR SALT**  
15 teaspoonful in glass of water is mild, pleasant, effective and harmless.

Regal Table Salt  
(Free Running)  
A Windsor Salt Product. For table, cooking and oral health. Uniformly pure—maintained so by chemical control.



Without obligation please send special CIL Booklet, "SALT all over the World".  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

## Foot And Mouth Disease

Canada And South Africa Only Countries Free From This Blight

Canada and the Union of South Africa were said to be the only countries free from the blight of foot and mouth disease, during an agricultural debate in the British House of Commons.

Captain Frank Hollings, Conservative, who farms more than 1,000 acres in west Suffolk, and is a member of the Friesian Cattle Society, said the society had searched the world over for countries free from the disease, and Canada and South Africa were practically the only ones they had found.

Many other countries were spending money in research on the disease and were failing to find a remedy, he added.

Long hair was worn by Buffalo Bill and the other Indian fighters as a matter of honor. They believed that their Indian captor was ended to a respectable scalplock if he captured them.

## The Ottawa Letter

Time devoted to private members' bills has been reduced almost to the vanishing point, but some important resolutions have been dealt with. A bill to amend the Insurance Act, brought in by Mr. Coote (U. P. A. Macleod) will be of wide interest at this time, when so many people are finding it hard to make the premium on their insurance policies. Mr. Coote seeks to have restored a clause dropped when the Act was revised two years ago, making it compulsory for a life insurance company, when premiums are not paid, to carry the policy until cash surrender value is exhausted. It was shown that the value of policies surrendered and dropped during a three-year period amounted, in Alberta alone, to \$20,000,000. Further, the member for Macleod said that the rate of interest on any advance or loan on a policy be limited to four per cent. Figures were given to show that the amount of such loans had increased from \$1,000,000 in 1929 to \$24,000,000 in 1932, the latest year for which the member had received data. Mr. Coote said he had found the interest rate on these loans as high as eight per cent in some cases, with the lowest six, which he considered still too high. The companies nearly twenty-five per cent of their money invested in these absolutely safe loans, and the new bill would be a boon to the government bonds on which the earnings would be below four per cent. The Minister of Finance contended that the clause referred to had been dropped because there was doubt about it coming within the jurisdiction of the federal government, while he considered the interest rate on loans to be a technical matter to be discussed with the companies. He said he would not object to second reading of the bill if it were then sent to the committee on banking and commerce, to which Mr. Coote agreed. Another bill brought in by the member for Macleod, an amendment to the Interest Act to limit interest on any agreement to seven per cent, and on real estate mortgages to four per cent, was also referred to the same committee.

A bill to amend the Railway Act, to bring rates, schedules and charges of coastal shipping under the supervision of the board of railway commissioners, introduced by Mr. Neil (Ind. Comox-Alberni) reached second reading so far. The Minister of Railways adjourned the debate and will give his views at a future time.

A motion was introduced by Chas. Stewart (Liberal Edmonton W.) "that in the opinion of this House agricultural implements and machinery should be free from customs duties." Mr. Stewart pointed out that there had been practically no replacement of farm machinery during the last five years and the time has come when this is necessary if the farmers are to carry on. This is almost impossible under the present high prices. In 1907 and 1908, when wheat was 90 cents per bushel, a Massey Harris Road Loam bought for \$160. At the present time, with all farm products at a low price, a farmer has to pay nearly \$300 for a binder which should cost no more than the farmer on Mr. Stewart believed that the machinery companies are so strongly organized that the abolition of customs duties would not entirely correct this situation but it would help

to some extent. Mr. Rhodes was of the opinion that in view of pending negotiations with the United States on matters of international trade it would be inadvisable to debate this motion at this time. Moreover, the motion would be discussed more properly during the budget debate and he suggested the matter be adjourned until that time, which was agreed to by the mover.

An interesting discussion took place on a resolution by Mr. Church (Cons. Toronto) on the subject of motor accidents. Mr. Church said he was aware that under the British North America Act regulation of motor traffic came under provincial jurisdiction but he thought it would be far better if it were a federal problem. He said that in Canada this could be solved as long as that Act remains in its present state. It is nothing but a passing-the-buck Act. We want the B. N. A. Act for the living and not for the dead. He stated the Toronto member had called to the attention of the House the fact that in Ontario alone 525 persons more than twice the entire membership of the House of Commons had been killed in motor car accidents in one year, and such accidents are increasing everywhere. The Minister of Justice said the only way the federal government could help would be by increasing penalties under the criminal code. This had not been of much use. He said that in some countries but he would welcome suggestions from the House. The Minister of Railways gave particulars of grants given by parliament in the matter of level crossings, of which there are some 30,000 in Canada but as these grants are conditional on expenditures by the municipalities no very extensive demands had been made in this connection. Mr. Ewing suggested that while the maximum penalty for manslaughter is so excessive it is seldom imposed, the minimum penalty is almost nothing and might be increased. J. L. Brown and Michael Luchinovich have been convicted "road hogs" and drunk drivers, and agreed that the best deterrent would be suspension of license for at least a year. Mr. Coote urged more protection at grade crossings either by electric signals or large signs, which J. H. Sitt (Selkirk) thought the law in regard to criminal negligence was not sufficiently clear to result in convictions in motor accidents. As a lawyer, Mr. Sitt would like to have the Supreme Court pass upon the question as to just what amount of negligence constitutes a criminality in such cases. The member for Selkirk said: "judges and juries are alike reluctant to make a conviction in motor accidents and he suggested it might be possible for the attorney general to ask the Chief Justice of the Province to appoint a jury composed of county judges and police magistrates in order to eliminate the personal element in these cases."

Mr. Church said he would not press the motion at the moment but hoped some good would come out of the discussion. "We must legislate against motor manslaughter before we can wait until it has become less fashionable," said Mr. Church.

On the second reading of his bill to amend the Fisheries Act, Mr. Reid (Lib. New Westminster) made some arresting statements in regard to the salmon fishing industry on the west coast. For the benefit of the uninitiated Mr. Reid briefly explained the difference between purse seining and gill net fishing. The former, which he was objecting to, The purse seine is of fine mesh, about twelve hundred feet long and seventy-three feet in depth and operated from power boats

when lowered around a school of fish it catches all the fish so enclosed. The gill nets, while almost as long, are only about thirty feet deep, of much larger mesh and operated from small boats, by one or two men. Mr. Reid reminded the House that he had protested strongly against opening the area at the mouth of the Fraser River to purse seining in 1933, and the protests have been simply justified. Sixty-five purse seine boats were allowed to operate in 1933, while this number had increased to 103 last year, and it allowed to continue the industry will not only be depleted but actually eliminated in a very few years. The member for New Westminster regretted the loss of a good Minister of Fisheries when Mr. Rhodes was made Minister of Finance in 1932 and stated that time there had been only acting Ministers who, no matter how capable were unable to give the industry personal attention. In regard to "quality," which Mr. Reid claimed was the reason given him two years ago for allowing purse seine fishing in that area, he charged a "racket" is being operated in that connection. When fish of supposedly first quality is canned the word "Canada" is stamped on the lid. When poor inspectors claim a case is not first quality the canners have to put on a second lid marked "second quality". Some buyers take at three or four dollars a case less than the first quality, then remove the second lid so it can be sold in the stores as first quality. He asked the resolution be sent to the Fisheries committee which he said had not convened for two or three sessions and that representatives of the fishermen be allowed to present their case. The closing hour for private bills shut off the discussion at this point.

Under consideration of agricultural estimates a brief storm was raised by private members in regard to the \$50,000 granted by the Dominion Government for the marketing scheme being voted upon in those provinces this week. Mr. Young (Weyburn) claimed it was "promotional" but the industry did not object, in the sense in which the word is generally used. Men from the department simply presented the details of the scheme to the producers so they would understand it fully before voting upon it. Asked if the opponents of the scheme could also claim expenses from this fund he replied that they could not. In regard to the majority of votes necessary to put the scheme into force, Mr. Weir said he would have to decide this after the vote had been taken. He indicated the vote would have to be almost unanimous.

The unemployment insurance measure is making rapid progress in committee but not without opposition from some of the clauses, especially from the third group. Upon second reading his reasons for believing the bill to be the Prime Minister further elaborated his views "beyond peradventure or doubt". Contributions from employers and employees being compulsory it is a form of taxation without exclusive jurisdiction of parliament, and this is equally true of features of the bill involving trade and commerce. The division on second reading of this bill was unique in parliamentary records, resulting in a vote of 101 to 9. The division was taken because Mr. Poulin called out "rise" when the motion was put he could not record his vote as he was paired with an absent member on the government side. During the Prime Minister's argument on the constitutionality of the Bill, when this irrepressible member had asked whether

he might interrupt to ask a question the Prime Minister's rather emphatic (and justifiable) refusal was accompanied by a quotation from Tennyson's "An infant crying for the light". The following day Mr. Poulin declared an original "no" to the leader of the government: "Year after year, day and night, An infant cries for the light, But alas! he cannot know— The P. M. always says "NO".

Such little incidents lighten the tension and allow proceedings to run more smoothly.

The Geneva conventions, upon which the Prime Minister based his introduction of the Unemployment Insurance bill, have been approved by the Senate after a somewhat heated debate on the British North America Act. Hon. Mr. Lemieux, former Speaker of the House of Commons firmly protected any "sacred" ground being laid on this bill but the final decision was upheld on division by 45 to 33. This constitutes the ratification sought by the Prime Minister.

## ALBERTA'S BIG GAME

Known as one of the greatest big game hunting areas on the continent, Alberta's mountain area attracted a considerable number of hunters during last fall although the effects of the general depression have not yet worn off sufficiently to bring the province back to its peak year of 1929 in this respect, when non-resident sportsmen spent some \$200,000 in the province. Last fall the province sold 27 general game licenses and 23 special licenses to 35 residents of the United States, and four residents of England. These hunters captured game trophies to the extent of 25 big game, 25 medium game, 15 caribou, 22 deer, and 21 moose, 3 bear and 7 elk, but they spent in the province an estimated sum of \$20,000.

The circulating library has been opened at the Heathdale Post Office and books may be obtained by the community by observing the regulations.

The hard party and dance at Cloverleaf last Friday was a huge success. Miss Young and Frank Smith were the prize winners. Hazel Wiles and Russel Laughlin won the consolation.

The Keystone Seed Club met on Friday last and renewed their activities for 1935. A boost for new members was made and on Saturday a canvass was made by two energetic members. Six new youths joined, bringing the membership up to eighteen. The executive of this club for 1935 is: President—John Allen; Sec.—Donald Roy; Vice President—Melvin Hobson; Leader—Mr. E. Roy.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute was held at Mrs. Bennett's home on Wednesday, March 6th, with Mrs. Wilson as assistant hostess. A mothers bundle, containing a complete layette is being prepared and will be sent to a needy mother.

Plans were made to make a quilt which will later be raffled. Mrs. Rideout was appointed delegate to the W. I. conference to be held in Edmonton in May.

The program consisted of a very interesting paper on Canadian Industries by Mrs. Shier and one on Canada's mineral resources by Mrs. Milligan which contained much practical and useful information of interest to Canadians.

At the conclusion of the business part of the meeting lunch was served.

On Wednesday, February 27 the girls of the C. G. I. T. group served a bean supper at the Garage. The sum of \$17.00 was realized. Many complimentary remarks were made concerning the delicious meal. The girls wish to thank all those who in any way helped to make the affair a success. Many thanks are due to Messrs. Cooley Bros. for their kindness.

## THE ADVANCE WEATHER BULLETIN

Monday, March 4—Clear, cold, calm weather in all the Canadian northwest, though in far northwest of Alberta slowly moving disturbance with moderate temperatures.

Tuesday, March 5—Rather mild storm disturbance with light, scattering snows and slightly rising temperatures reaches central provinces from the northwest; east clear, cold.

Wednesday, March 6—The disturbed condition drifts to Great Lakes region where there are probably light snows and moderating temperatures. Pacific slope and the northwest considerably warmer.

Thursday, March 7—Generally unsettled, cloudy in most parts, but with milder temperatures, except near Great Lakes, where it is slightly colder.

Friday, March 8—Turns clear and colder in most of the northwest; little or no precipitation except about Pacific slope and southwest central regions.

Saturday, March 9—In southwest of central provinces and on Pacific slope unsettled, stormy; snows in east cold, wet moderating temperatures.

Sunday, March 10—Cold in central regions and near Great Lakes, but in southeast and along southern borders unsettled with some light snows.

Week of March 4, 1935, in central provinces begins with a clearing, cold spell from the northwest, but soon becomes unsettled with light snows moderating.

In general temperatures are expected to slowly rise until about mid week in central provinces and then decline in a short cold spell at end of week. Very light snowfall, most of it coming about the 6th and 7th of week. At this time of year less than 2 inches of snow is normal for this week, but this week there will probably be somewhat less.

This week the most active and dominating pressure centers, movements of which are causes of weather changes, sweep across the continent in about 5 days, the storm low coming in to northwest Alberta on the 6th, passing the Great Lakes, drifting to eastern regions. Then another storm center forms near British Columbia about the 9th and reaches Wyoming at the end of the week. The cold, clear, fair weather centers of high pressure pass south from lower Alberta on 4th and rapidly sweep in a broad circuit almost to the Gulf of Mexico, reaching vicinity of New Orleans near 7th with considerable rain. Low of some date is located in the province of eastern Ontario. That is, the disturbed weather of the week traverses the Great Lakes twice while the cold, clear, fair weather rushes across the southern path.

For Week Beginning March 4, 1935:  
Temperature Warm Mild Cold  
Mon. 5 4  
Tues. 5 4  
Wed. 6 4  
Thurs. 7 4  
Fri. 8 4  
Sat. 9 10  
Sun. 10 10

## A TALE OF A COW

A Saskatchewan farmer sold a cow in Winnipeg and lost ten cents on the deal. He got twenty-five cents for the cow, but the exchange on the cheque was thirty-five.

Nobody need waste any time telling him the fine points about keeping our money "sound" and "preserving the home" market for the Canadian producer. He has first-hand evidence of the working of those twin wonders of trade-blasting ingenuity.

As exemplified in the transaction cited, and in the general course of events over the last five years, "sound money" is only another name for lost money to the producer; and the home market doesn't offer any attractions that make it necessary to protect it against foreign invasion.

At that, the vendor of the cow might have fared worse than he has, and likely would have fared somewhat worse if President Roosevelt had not devalued the U. S. dollar and forced the government of Canada to relax in a small degree the rigidity of its adherence to gold and deflation policy.

Make money scarce enough and nothing but money will have any market value. Carried to their logical outcome, the trade and money policies pursued by Ottawa until the United States went off gold would leave this man's farm worth no more than his cow.

Measured by the standard of actual net income over inclusive operating expenses, how much more than the price of that cow is the average farm worth today?

## THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates in the Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per cent line. Local advertising, 15c per cent line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

All letters addressed to the editor or insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

## Classified Ads.

"You need a Bull" see H. D. Connor, 27 29 7, Chinook, about a Shorthorn.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS  
FROM THE  
LOCAL AGENT  
CANADIAN NATIONAL  
Rail and Steamship Lines  
401 P. Prince of Wales

Car of Block Wood Just Arrived  
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

## CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

	WHEAT
1 Northern.....	\$ 61 1/2
	OATS
2 C. W.....	\$ 21 1/2



CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH  
Service Season Sunday Every Month,  
Mass at 9 a.m.

ENORMOUS PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY OF FLOUR MILLS

Evidence given by W. J. Peaker, who has been investigating the Canadian milling and baking industries before the Royal Commission on Mass Buying, sitting at Ottawa, was to the effect that milling companies speculated in wheat, quite apart from ordinary trading operations. The committee consequently determined to investigate this phase. Mr. Peaker said there could be no doubt but what certain milling companies dipped into the wheat market as far back as 1927 but he could not say whether they won or lost money. Some times the companies were short and sometimes long on the market, holdings running as high as four million bushels.

The enormous potential capacity of the Canadian flour milling industry was illustrated by evidence to the effect that the import requirements of the British Empire could be supplied three times over if every flour mill in Canada worked 24 hours a day. In fact if Canadian mills had to do it they could supply the import requirements of the world in most years.

The Card Club met Tuesday night at the home of Mrs. Bennett. Honors went to Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Massey. Miss K. Kain will be hostess next week.

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